

NOVA COLLEÇÃO DE LIVROS DIDACTICOS POR F. T. D.

Ant. de S. Paulo
1910
de S. Paulo
② **LINGUA INGLEZA** ②

Primeiro Methodo

de S. Paulo
LIVRO DO MESTRE

POR

= F. T. D. =

PARA USO DAS ESCOLAS SECUNDARIAS



ESTADOS UNIDOS
DO
BRASIL

TODOS OS DIREITOS RESERVADOS





João Carlos
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PRIMEIRA LIÇÃO

ARTIGO INDEFINITO

THEMA I

I. — A teacher has a good pupil. A class-room has not a (no) blackboard. A school has a class-room and a class-room has a chair. Thou hast a beautiful hat and she has a good house. You have a school and you have no teacher. He has a lesson, a verb, a tense. I have a lesson and I have no teacher. He has a hat and he has no chair.

II. — What verb have you? We have a chair and a blackboard. What tense has she? Have they a good teacher? Yes, they have. Have you not a beautiful class-room? Yes, and a good blackboard. I have a verb and she has a tense. Has not the pupil a hat? Has she not the same tense? No, she has not the same tense. They have the same verb and the same tense.

III. — I have no chair and you have no hat. Hast thou a good teacher? Yes, I have a good teacher and a good class-room. What has a pupil? A pupil has a beautiful class-room. What verb and what tense have we? We have verb and a tense. What has a good school? A good school has a good teacher.

EXERCICIOS

1.º Write negatively:

A teacher has not a (no) pupil. We have not a (no) good teacher. A pupil has not a beautiful desk. What have you not? We have not a tense. Has she not a verb? No, she has not. Has not a school a teacher? They have not a beautiful class-room. I have not a (no) desk and not a (no) chair. Hast thou not a blackboard? No, I have not a good blackboard. A teacher has not a beautiful house. She has no lesson.

2.º Conjugate:

- a) I have a house; have I not?
 Thou hast a house; hast thou not?
 He, she, it has a house; has he, she, it not?
 We have a house; have we not?
 You have a house; have you not?
 They have a house; have they not?
- b) I have not a desk; have I?
 Thou hast not a desk; hast thou?
 He, she, it has not a desk; has he, she, it?
 We have not a desk; have we?
 You have not a desk; have you?
 They have not a desk; have they?

SEGUNDA LIÇÃO

ARTIGO INDEFINITO

THEMA II

I. — We had an easy lesson. Thou hadst a good pen. She had a book on a chair. The teacher and the pupil had a good platform. The school had a teacher, a desk and a

class-room. You had an easy lesson. They also had an idle pupil. They had a book in a desk. We had no ink. We also had a horse.

II. — Who had a hat? We had no hat. Had they not a mood and an exercise in an hour? What had a good teacher? He had a pen; he also had a book on a chair. Had you a good ink? Yes, we had; she had no desk. Who had a verb, a mood, a tense? What had a school? It had a class-room.

III. — They have a house. We have a good answer. What hadst thou? I had no idle pupil. A teacher had an easy exercise in a beautiful book. Who has a lesson? What verb had you? to have? Yes, we had. Had a pupil an object? What object? Who has a beautiful horse?

EXERCICIOS

1.º Answer the questions in English:

- a) *What has a pupil?*
 A pupil has a desk and a book.
- b) *Has not the teacher a blackboard?*
 Yes, the teacher has a beautiful blackboard.
- c) *Who has a platform and a chair?*
 The teacher has a platform and a chair in a class-room.
- d) *Have we a beautiful school?*
 No, we have not a beautiful school.
- e) *I have not a pen; have I?*
 No, you have no pen.
- f) *Who had an easy exercise?*
 The good pupil had an easy exercise, and also an easy lesson.
- g) *Hadst thou an idle teacher?*
 No, I had not an idle teacher.
- h) *The pupil had a book on a desk; had he not?*
 Yes, the pupil had a book and a good pen on a desk.